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Credit computed under section 35(a); 3 percent of \$4,500	135
Tax imposed by chapter 1	840
Less:	
Credit allowed under section 33 \$610	
Credit allowed under section 34 120	
	\$730
Limitation on credit under section 35(b)(1)	110
Section 35(b)(2)	
Taxable income	4,000
cent of \$4,000	120

Since of the three figures (\$135, \$110, and \$120), the lesser is \$110, A's credit under section 35 is limited to \$110.

§ 1.35-2 Taxpayers not entitled to credit.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957, no credit shall be allowed under section 35 to a nonresident alien individual with respect to whom a tax is imposed for such taxable year under section 871(a).

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This section lists the captions contained in §§ 1.36B–1 through 1.36B–5.

$\S 1.36B-1$ Premium tax credit definitions.

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- (b) Time of reporting.
- (c) Manner of reporting.
- [T.D. 9590, 77 FR 30385, May 23, 2012]

§ 1.36B-1 Premium tax credit definitions.

- (a) In general. Section 36B allows a refundable premium tax credit for taxable years ending after December 31, 2013. The definitions in this section apply to this section and §§1.36B-2 through 1.36B-5.
- (b) Affordable Care Act. The term Affordable Care Act refers to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148 (124 Stat. 119 (2010)), and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-152 (124 Stat. 1029 (2010)), as amended by the Medicare and Medicaid Extenders Act of 2010, Public Law 111-309 (124 Stat. 3285 (2010)), the Comprehensive 1099 Taxpayer Protection and Repayment of Exchange Subsidy Overpayments Act of 2011. Public Law 112-9 (125) Stat. 36 (2011)), the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011, Public Law 112-10 (125 Stat. 38 (2011)), and the 3% Withholding Repeal and Job Creation Act, Public Law 112-56 (125 Stat. 711 (2011)).
- (c) Qualified health plan. The term qualified health plan has the same meaning as in section 1301(a) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18021(a)) but does not include a catastrophic plan described in section 1302(e) of the Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18022(e)).
- (d) Family and family size. A tax-payer's family means the individuals for whom a taxpayer properly claims a deduction for a personal exemption under section 151 for the taxable year. Family size means the number of individuals in the family. Family and family size may include individuals who are not subject to or are exempt from the penalty under section 5000A for failing to maintain minimum essential coverage.
- (e) Household income—(1) In general. Household income means the sum of—
- (i) A taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income; plus
- (ii) The aggregate modified adjusted gross income of all other individuals who—
- (A) Are included in the taxpayer's family under paragraph (d) of this section; and
- (B) Are required to file a return of tax imposed by section 1 for the taxable year (determined without regard